THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA); (a) and (b) A proposal to set up a Central Advisory Committee for Newspaper Industry is under consideration of the Government. However, for reviewing the progress of implementation 01 Central Government orders on Palekar Tribunal recommendations and problem; germane thereto, a Tripartite Committee under the Chairmanship of Labour Minister already exists since December, 1983.

Setting up of a Committee streamline the functioning of Food Corporation of India

195. SHRI K. VASUDEVA PAN1C-KER: Wlil the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have appointed a Committee to streamline the functioning of Food Corporatoin of India: and

(b) if so, by when it is likely to submit its report?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE, MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI AJIT PANJA): (a) and ?b) Yes, Sir. an internal committee of officers is looking into the working of Food Corporation of India with a view to bringing economy and effit ien «y. and its report is awaited shortly.

R.BJ. study int$_0$ economic backwardness of states

196. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Reserve Bank of India is contemplating to diagnose the causes of Bihar's economic back-wardness;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) by when the proposed study will be initiated;

(d) whether the Reserve Bank propose to conduct such study in other States also;

(e) if so, what are the details thereof: and

(f) if not .what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY Of FINANCE (SHR1 JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) to (c) Following the discussions at the Regional Consultative Committee meeting for Eastern Region in 1984—the Reserve Bank of India got a sample study conducted in 9 Districts of Bihar to find out the reasons for low credit deposit ratio in the State, and suggest remedial measures. The study revealed that the main reasons for low credit; deposit ratio in Bihar are lack of infractural facilities, inadequate and irregular supply of power, non-availability $_0$f requir$_e$ assets-lack of assured irrigation etc. togefher-with factors like inadequacy of staff, lack of proper guidance from controlling offices, and lack of publictiy for various credit linked schemes. Additionally, the study showed that in the context of large sections of the population belonging to economically back-ward communities— there was a need for prospective borrowers t_0 be properly identified to take up viable schemes. The credit: deposit ratio of banks in Bihar and-general economic backwardness was subsequently discussed in the State Level Bankers' Committee meeting held on 1-2-1986. A committee consisting of the Government Secretaries and Bankers has been constituted to monitor progress of improvement in credit: deposit ratio.

(d) to (f) According to information available from Reserve Bank of India similar steps were taken to study low credit deposit ratio in West Bengal after that State Government drew attention to this effect. Moreover, a high level Committee under the Chairmanship of Dr. S.R. Sen was set up by the Reserve Bank of India and NABARD in consultation with Union Ministry ot Agriculture to study the problems and prospects of Agricultural productivity in the Eastern states in West

Bengal, Bihar, Orissa and Eastern Uttai Pradesh. Following this, a meeting of the Chief Minister of their States was held on 8-1-1986 at Patna for further follow up action.

Retirement .of corrupt bank officials

197. SHRI SYED AHMAD HASHMI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is (he number of officers and other staff members who have been retired on grounds of inefficiency or because of doubtful integrity during the last one year bank-wise; and

(b) what more steps ars being taken against bank officers found to be inefficient or corrupt, so that the banking system improved its efficiency, performance and profitability with greater public confidence in it?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) The available bank-wise information in respect of number of officers and other staff members who have been retired in 1985 on grounds of inefficiency and doubtful integrity is given in the statement *{See* below).

(b) Prosecution of bank officials suspected of corrupt activities including conspiracy to defraud the banks, forgery, cheating, grant of undue favours to private firms] parties, accumulation of properties disproportionate to known sources of income, etc. is undertaken by the CBI. The Banks also take disciplinary actios, including suspension, against any officers found to be corrupt, as well as for dereliction of duty by the officers. The Officers against whom cases of corruption are pending are not retained in sensitive posts.

Action under regulation 20 of the officers service regulations is also taken to terminate the services of (he inefficient and the corrupt.

Statement

Review and Retirement of Officers under Regulation 19(1) of Officers Service Regulation of the Nationalised Banks and SBI Associates and para 19(1) of the Officers (Determination of Terms and Conditions of Service) Order 1979 of State Bank of India and of Award Staff under Para 522 of Sastry Award (1985)

Name of the Bank	Officers	Clerks	Sub-staff
1. State Bank of India	43	4*	—
2. State Bank of Hyderabad	4	N.A.	N.A.
3. State Bank of Indore	13	—	N.A.
4. State Bank of B & J	3	—	—
5. State Bank of Mysore	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
6. State Bank of Patiala	5	—	—
7. State Bank of Saurashtra	2	—	—
8. State Bank of Travancore	—	—	—